of the mandibular ramus omitted. In the present paper these omissions are mostly supplied, but a number of important problems remain to be definitely settled. See Trans. Amer. Philos. Soc., 1892, Vol. xvii, p. 17, where one of these is stated. I pointed out in 1866, when the genus Lælaps was described, and later, in 1869 (Vol. xiv, Trans. Amer. Philos. Soc.), that it differs from Megalosaurus in the much more acute and compressed claws. I add that the present species differs from the *M. nase*cornis of Marsh in the much larger and more anteriorly placed orbits, and in the much smaller prerobital foramen.

Figures of these remains will be given in the final publication by the Geological Survey of Canada.

Addition to the Note on the Taxonomy of the Genus Emys C. Duméril.

By G. Baur.

(Read before the American Philosophical Society, May 6, 1892.)

In a discussion about the type of Emys with Dr. L. Hejneyer, this gentleman called my attention to the fact that, according to the Code of Nomenclature adopted by the American Ornithologists' Union, the type species could not be T. picta, because this species is not named by Brogniart. According to his view not only the name Emydes ought to be used, as originally introduced by Brogniart in 1805 (Emys Dum., 1806), but also one of the species enumerated by Brogniart taken as the type. Brogniart mentions the following species with his genus Emydes: E. ferox, E. rostrata, E. matamata, E. lutara, E. pensilvanica, E. clausa. In 1806 Duméril referred the E. matamata to a new genus Chelus ; in 1809 Geoffrey E. ferox and E. rostrata to Trionyx, E. pensilvanica belonging to kinosternon Spix; either E. lutaria or clausa has to be considered as type of Emydes. E. lutaria = T. orbicularis L. being the common Emyswan form, ought to be taken as type of Emydes, and E. clausa = T. carolina L. ought to be considered as type of Terrapene Merrem., of which Cistuda Fleming is a synonym.

According to this we would have the following :

Emydes Brogniart, 1805, Type, T. orbicularis L. Terrapene Merrem, 1820, Type, T. carolina L. Chrysemys Gray, 1844, Type, T. picta (Herrm. MSS.) Schn

1892.]